

## Simeprevir PK Fact Sheet

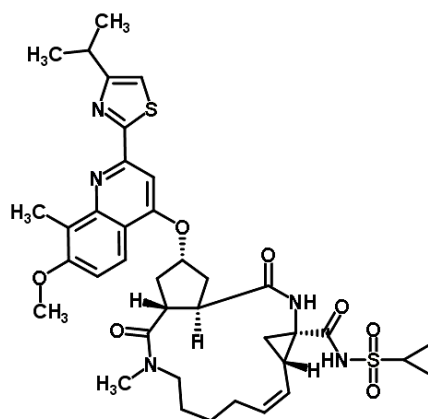
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## Details

Generic Name	Simeprevir
Trade Name	Olysio®
Class	NS3/4A protease inhibitor
Molecular Weight	749.94
Structure	



## Summary of Key Pharmacokinetic Parameters

Linearity/non-linearity	Plasma C <sub>max</sub> and AUC increased more than dose proportional after multiple doses between 75 mg and 200 mg once daily, with accumulation occurring following repeated dosing.
Steady State	Steady-state was reached after 7 days of once daily dosing.
Plasma Half life	41 h (200 mg once daily, multiple dose in HCV infected patients) [cf 10-13 h in HCV-uninfected subjects]
C <sub>max</sub>	Not determined
C <sub>min</sub>	1936 ± 2640 ng/ml (mean ± sd, HCV subjects)
AUC	57,469 ± 63571 ng.h/ml (mean ± sd, HCV subjects) (Pooled population PK estimates of exposure after 150 mg once daily for 12 weeks in genotype 1 patients: White 55,619 ng.h/ml; Black 47,986 ng.h/ml; Asian 196,750 ng.h/ml) <sup>1</sup> . Simeprevir AUC was about 2- to 3-fold higher in HCV infected patients compared to that observed in healthy subjects.
Interindividual Variation	87% for AUC <sub>0-24</sub> in Phase I study <sup>1</sup>
Bioavailability	62%
Absorption	Compared to intake without food, administration of simeprevir with food to healthy subjects increased the AUC by 61% after a high-fat, high-caloric (928 kcal) and 69% after a normal caloric (533 kcal) breakfast, and delayed the absorption by 1 hour and 1.5 hours, respectively.
Protein Binding	>99.9%
Volume of Distribution	Not determined
CSF:Plasma ratio	Not determined
Semen:Plasma ratio	Not determined
Renal Clearance	Renal clearance plays an insignificant role in the elimination of simeprevir Less than 1% of the administered dose was recovered in urine.

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<b>Renal Impairment</b>	Renal elimination of simeprevir is negligible and it is not expected that renal impairment will have a clinically relevant effect on simeprevir exposure. No dose adjustment of simeprevir is required in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Compared to healthy subjects with normal renal function (eGFR $\geq$ 80 ml/min), the mean steady-state AUC of simeprevir was 62% higher in subjects with severe renal impairment (eGFR below 30 ml/min). As exposure may be increased in HCV infected patients with severe renal impairment, caution is recommended when prescribing simeprevir to these patients.
<b>Hepatic Impairment</b>	Plasma exposure of simeprevir in HCV infected patients was about 2- to 3-fold higher compared to that observed in healthy subjects. Compared to healthy subjects with normal hepatic function, the mean steady-state AUC of simeprevir was 2.4-fold higher in non-HCV infected subjects with moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B) and 5.2-fold higher in non-HCV infected subjects with severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C). No dose adjustment of simeprevir is necessary in patients with mild or moderate hepatic impairment; no dose recommendation can be given for patients with severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C). The safety and efficacy of simeprevir have not been studied in HCV infected patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B or C), therefore particular caution is recommended in these patients.

## Metabolism and Distribution

<b>Metabolised by</b>	CYP3A4 (involvement of CYP2C8 and CYP2C19 cannot be excluded).
<b>Inducer of</b>	Does not induce CYP1A2 or CYP3A4 in vitro.
<b>Inhibitor of</b>	Intestinal CYP3A (mild), CYP1A2 (mild), P-gp, OATP1B1, MRP2 <sup>1,2</sup> No effect on hepatic CYP3A, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, UGT1A1 <sup>1,2</sup>  Inhibits the uptake transporters OATP1B1 and NTCP and the efflux transporters P-gp/MDR1, MRP2 and BSEP. (The in vitro inhibitory profile of simeprevir for human BCRP, OATP1B3 and OCT2 has not been studied.)
<b>Transported by</b>	P-gp, MRP2, OATP1B1, OATP2B1, OATP1B3.

## References

*Unless otherwise stated (see below), information is from:*

Olysio® Summary of Product Characteristics, Janssen-Cilag.

Olysio® US Prescribing Information, Janssen.

1. FDA Antiviral Drugs Advisory Committee Meeting Briefing Document: [Simeprevir. October 2013](#)
2. Sekar V *et al.* 2010, *J Hepatol*, 52(S1): S416 (Abstract 1076).