Corticosteroid Treatment Selector

Charts revised July 2019. Full information available at www.hiv-druginteractions.org

DRV/c LPV/I DOR RP\ MVC BIC/ DTG EVG/c/ EVG/c/ ABC FTC F/TA TDI ZDV ATV/c ATV/r DRV/r EFV ET\ NVF RAL F/TAF F/TAF F/TDF r 3TC Inhaled Beclometasone $\leftrightarrow b$ 11% ↑ª \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ª ↑ª \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑a ↑ª \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow Budesonide ↑ ° ↑ ° ↑° ↑ ° \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ^ c \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow **↑** 9 ↑ d ↑ ^d ↑ď ∱ d ↑ ^d ↑ď ↑ď Ciclesonide \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ ^e ^ e ^ e ^ e ^ e Flunisolide ↑ e ↑ ^e \leftrightarrow J \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow ⇔ \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow Iuticasone **↑** (↑ ° ↑ ° \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ C ↑ ° \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow Mometasone ↑ \leftrightarrow ↔ \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow Topical ↑ c,f ↑ c,f ↑ c,f ↑ ^{c,f} ∱ c,f ∱ c,f ∱ c,f Clobetasol \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ c,f ↑ c,f ↑ c,f ↑ c,f luocinolone ∱ c,f ↑ c,f ↑ c,f \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow Hvdrocortisone \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow (topical) Other **∏** h Betamethasone 1° JL^g 1° ¶ª ↑° **ԼԼ**ց 1° Ų^g ¶ a ¶ a 1, Γ \leftrightarrow իշ ¶ն ↑° **JI**^g \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow Ţ ↑° IJ 1°↓ 1°° ↑° IJ 1° ↓ ∦ h ↓↓ 1° ↓ Dexamethasone ↓₩ ↓₩ ₽ ₩ 1, \leftrightarrow ↑° IJ \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow Hydrocortisone ↑ ° ^ C ↑ ^c ↑ ° \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow ^ c ↑ ^c \rightarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ ° Ļ T (oral) Methylprednisolone ↑ ↑ ° \leftrightarrow J. \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow Prednisolone \leftrightarrow 20% \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow î î î î ↑ ° ↑° l ↑ ° ↑ ° Prednisone ↑ ° ↑¢ ↑° ↑° \leftrightarrow 20% \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow **î** 11% ↑¢ ↑° \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ ° Triamcinolone ↑ ° ↑ ^c ↑ ° ↑ ° \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow ↑ ° ↑ ° \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow J T

Colour Legend

Text Legend

Potential increased exposure of the corticosteroid î

Potential decreased exposure of the corticosteroid ↔ No significant effect

Numbers refer to increase or decrease in AUC as observed in drug-drug interaction studies.

1 Potential increased exposure of HIV drug UPotential decreased exposure of HIV drug

No clinically significant interaction expected. These drugs should not be coadministered.

Potential interaction which may require a

dose adjustment or close monitoring.

Potential interaction predicted to be of weak intensity.

No a priori dosage adjustment is recommended.

Notes

- а Coadministration of ritonavir (100 mg twice daily) increased the AUC of the active metabolite (beclometasone-17-monopropionate) by 108% but no significant effect on adrenal function was seen. Caution is still warranted, use the lowest possible corticosteroid dose and monitor for corticosteroid side effects
- DRV/r decreased the AUC of active metabolite (beclometasone-17-monopropionate) by 11%, but no significant effect on adrenal function was seen. b
- Risk of elevated corticosteroid levels, Cushing's syndrome and adrenal suppression. This risk is present for oral and injected administration, and also for topical, inhaled or eye drops с corticosteroids
- d No dose adjustment required but monitor closely, especially for signs of Cushing's syndrome when using a high dose or prolonged administration.
- Use the lowest possible flunisolide dose with monitoring for corticosteroid side effects. е
- f The extent of percutaneous absorption is determined by many factors such as degree of inflammation and alteration of the skin, duration, frequency and surface of application, and use of occlusive dressings.
- Betamethasone is a moderate inducer of CYP3A4 and could decrease HIV drug exposure and efficacy, particularly when administered orally or intravenously at high doses or for a long g duration.
- h If coadministration cannot be avoided, doravirine should be administered 100 mg twice daily (based on the interaction study with rifabutin, another moderate inducer) and maintained at this dose for at least another two weeks following cessation of the corticosteroid
- No effect on emtricitabine or tenofovir alafenamide is expected, but bictegravir concentrations may decrease.

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